



HTML is easy(?)

Lessons from the Web



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0. Introduction

HTML is easy(?) - Lessons from the Web

What can **200 major websites**, from across the Web, tell us about the state of HTML?



Why does well written HTML matter?

- Accessibility
- User-experience
- SEO
- Robust



1. Semantics

Confusion

`<article>` vs
`<section>`?



Smashing Magazine - bit.ly/article-vs-section

Semantic elements

The BBC homepage displays a variety of semantic elements:

- Header:** BBC logo, Sign in, LIVE, Home, News, Sport, Weather, iPlayer, Sounds, Bitesize, ..., Search BBC.
- Main Headline:** Welcome to the BBC.
- Live Stream:** LIVE Top developers gather for Front End Sheffield.
- Image Cards:** Alien life discovered on TikTok (World), eSports prodigy wins Gold in keyboard typing event (Olympics), Scientists discover eating avocado toast increases IQ (Science), Owning a dog boosts Wi-Fi speeds in your home (Technology).
- Text Cards:** Internet Explorer to make a comeback (Microsoft), Hipster meerkats spotted wearing tiny sunglasses (Safari), Chrome Unveils 'Procrastination Mode' (Google), Red panda birth captured on webcam.
- Blue Box:** National Lottery draws, Check results button.

~29 different elements per homepage

The BBC footer contains the following semantic elements:

- Navigation:** Home, Sport, iPlayer, CBBC, Food, Arts, News, Weather, Sounds, CBeebies, Bitesize, Taster.
- Links:** Terms of Use, About the BBC, Privacy Policy, Cookies, Accessibility Help, Parental Guidance, Contact the BBC, Make an editorial complaint.
- Text:** Why you can trust the BBC.
- Copyright:** © 2024 BBC. The BBC is not responsible for the content of external sites. Read about our approach to external linking.

93 different elements identified across the sites

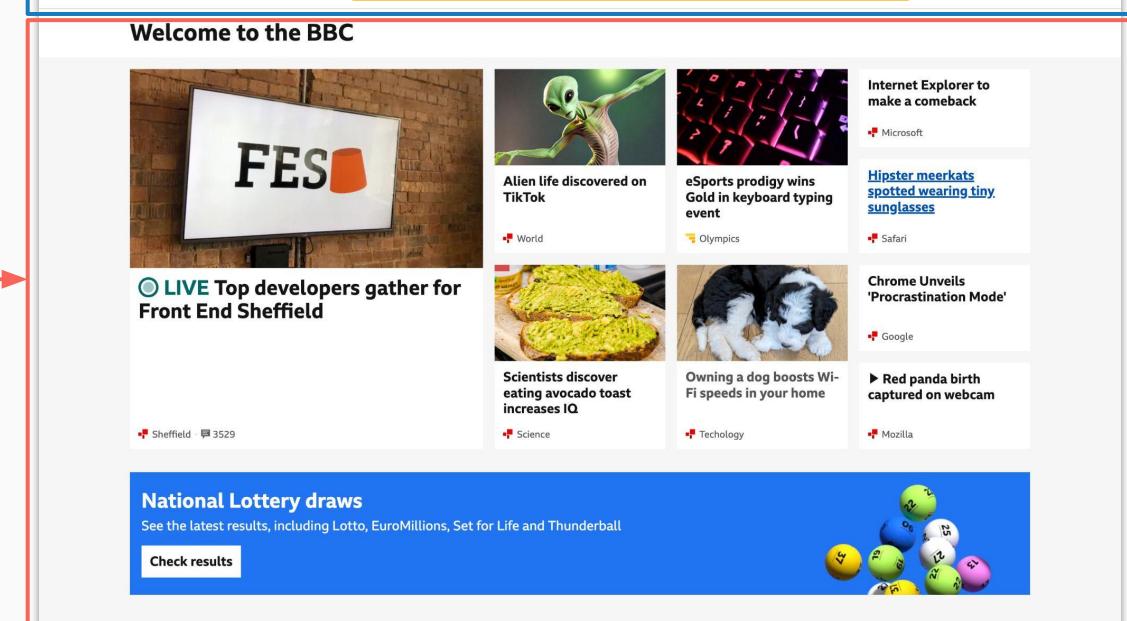
Semantic elements

header

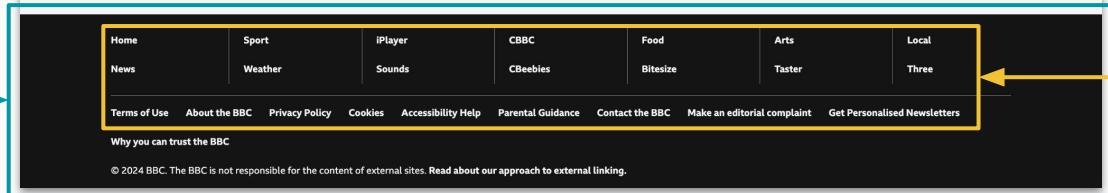


nav

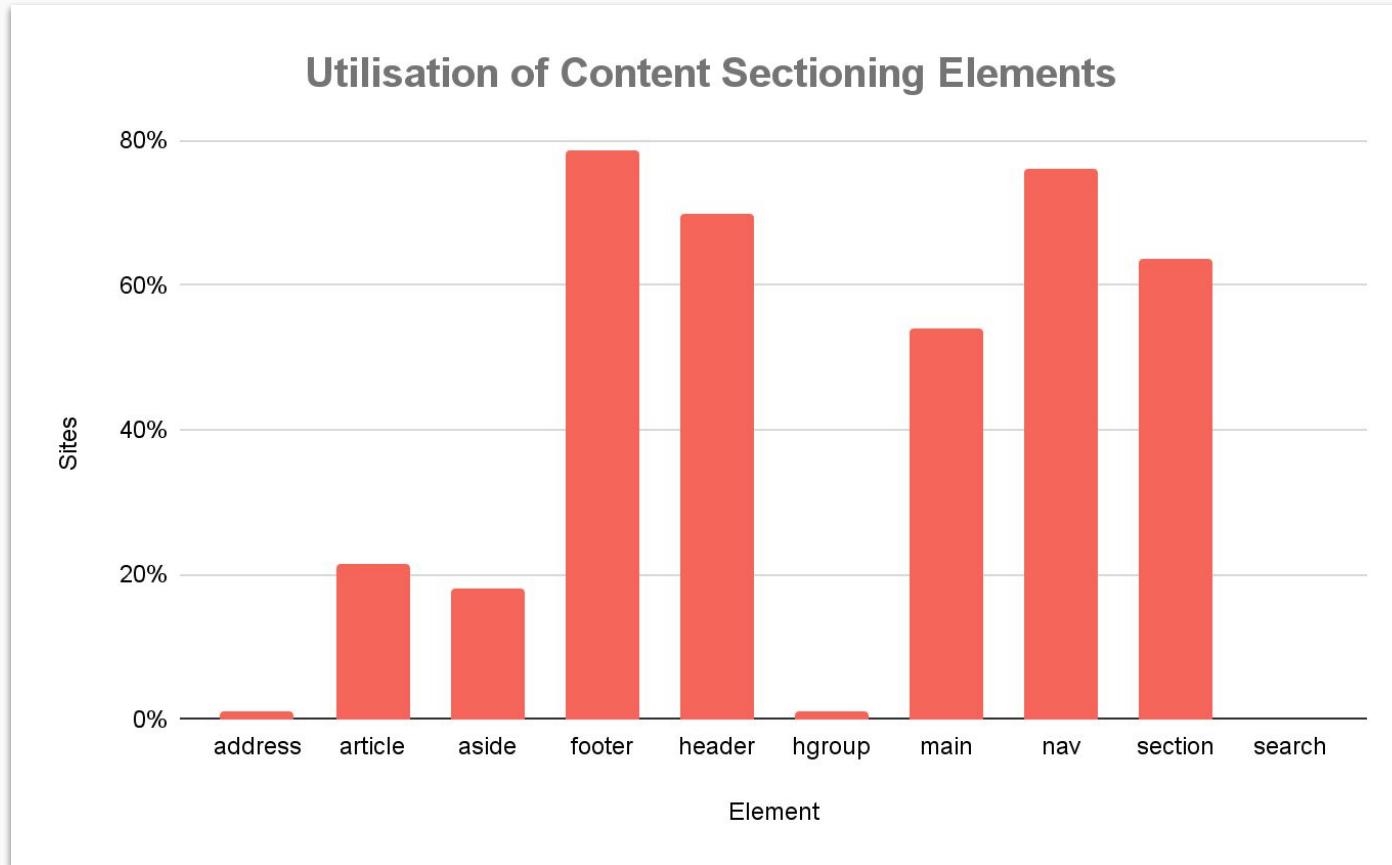
main



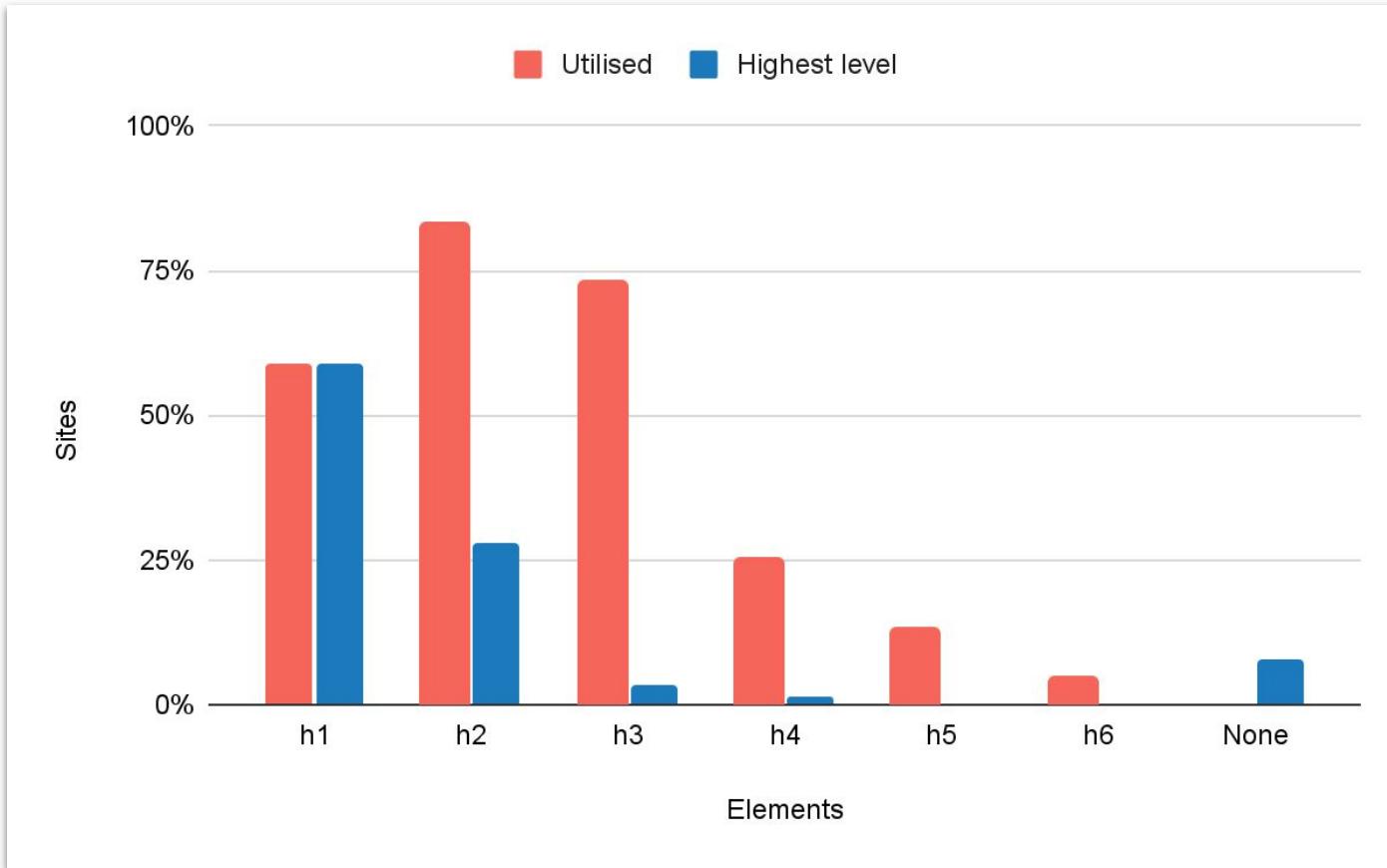
footer



Content Sectioning elements



Headings



Semantics can be hard to understand / implement



2. Common mistakes

Validation errors

1. Invalid child elements (~67%)
2. Bad attribute values (~66%)
3. Disallowed attributes (~65%)
4. CSS errors (~47%)
5. Missing required attributes (~42%)

94% of sites had errors

~141 errors per homepage

Validation errors

1. Invalid child elements (~67%)
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4. CSS errors (~47%)
5. Missing required attributes (~42%)

Elements

Attributes

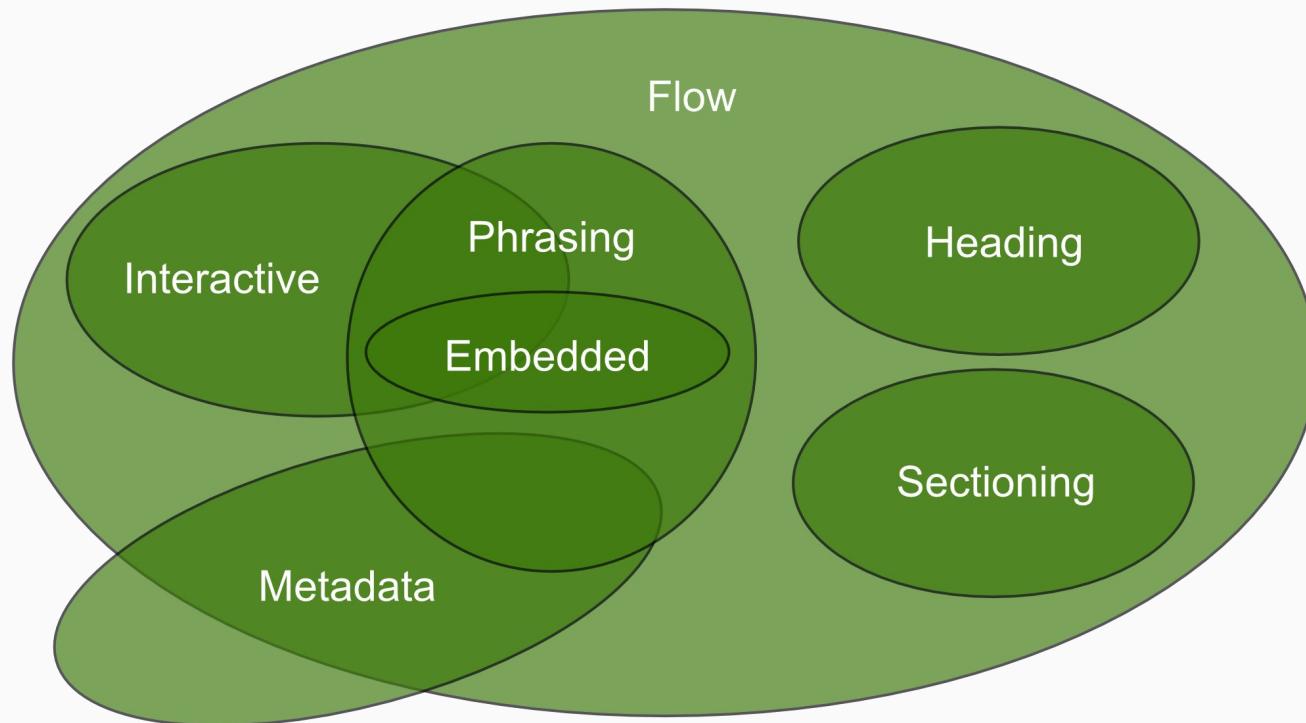
94% of sites had errors

~141 errors per homepage

Common mistakes

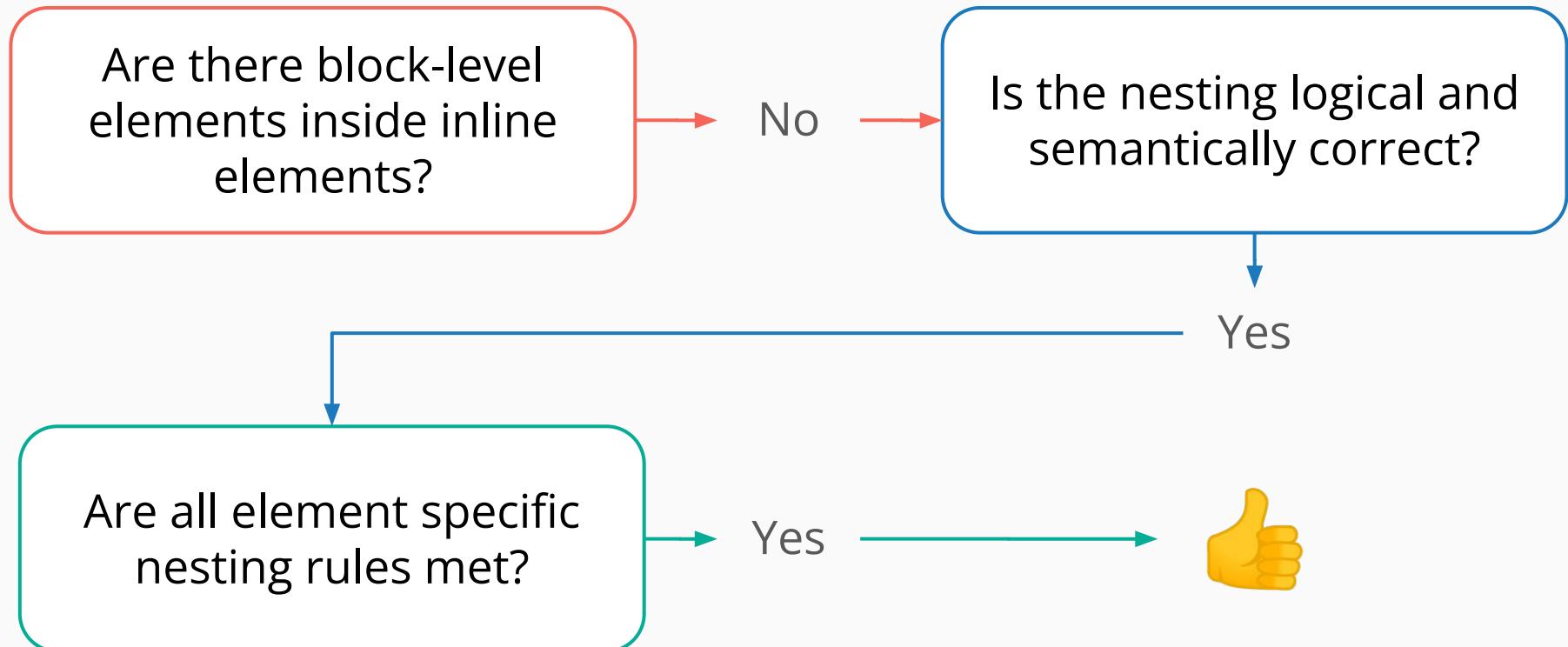
2.a Elements

HTML content categories



Source: html.spec.whatwg.org/

Nesting flow content



e.g. `<h1>` can only contain phrasing content

Divs do not belong in spans



Inline-level element in block-level element



Block-level element in inline-level element



```
<div>
```

```
  <span>
```

✓ Good HTML

```
  </span>
```

```
</div>
```

```
<span style="display: block;">
  <div style="display: inline;">
    ✗ Bad HTML
  </div>
</span>
```

1 in 4 sites do this

Is it a button? Is it a link? ...No it's a `<div>`!

- **51% of sites** have clickable `div` / `span` elements
- To make a `<div>` a button we need to replicate all of these:
 - Make it focusable (`tabindex=0`)
 - Style the interactive states
 - Set `role="button"`
 - Handle *synthetic click activation*
 - Handle `disabled` state



▶ Just use button (A11ycasts) - youtu.be/CZGqnp06DnI

KISS (*keep it simple, stupid*)
Work with HTML, not against it!



Common mistakes

2.b Attributes

Validation errors

1. Invalid child elements (~67%)
2. Bad attribute values (~66%)
3. Disallowed attributes (~65%)
4. CSS errors (~47% of sites)
5. Missing required attributes (~42%)

Bad attribute values

✗ Example of bad HTML

```

```

Bad attribute values

✖ Example of bad HTML

```

```

Invalid integer values

Encode special characters

Missing pixel density descriptor

Bad attribute values

✓ Example of good HTML

```

```



Disallowed / Missing required attributes

✗ Example of bad HTML

```

```

Disallowed / Missing required attributes

✗ Example of bad HTML:

```

```

Unrecognised attribute

"Home pages with ARIA present averaged 68.6% more detected errors than those without ARIA."

- webaim.org/projects/million/

Disallowed ARIA attribute

Disallowed / Missing required attributes

✗ Example of bad HTML

```

```

Missing required `sizes` attribute

Disallowied ARIA attribute

Unrecognised attribute

The diagram illustrates several issues with the provided HTML code:

- Missing required `sizes` attribute:** The `srcset` attribute is highlighted with a yellow box, and a yellow arrow points from it to the text "Missing required `sizes` attribute".
- Disallowied ARIA attribute:** The `role` attribute is highlighted with a blue box, and a blue arrow points from it to the text "Disallowied ARIA attribute".
- Unrecognised attribute:** The `foo` attribute is highlighted with a red box, and a red arrow points from it to the text "Unrecognised attribute".

Disallowed / Missing required attributes

✓ Example of good HTML

```

```



1 in 3 sites omit the `alt` attr

Is HTML easy?

Maybe, but mastering HTML is difficult



Links

- HTML specification - html.spec.whatwg.org/
- MDN - developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Learn/HTML
- Learn HTML - web.dev/learn/html
- Validator - validator.w3.org/nu
- The WebAIM Million - webaim.org/projects/million
- HTMHell - htmhell.dev